

Package ‘acumos’

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Title 'Acumos' R Interface

Version 0.4-4

Description Create, upload and run 'Acumos' R models.

'Acumos' (<<https://www.acumos.org>>) is a platform and open source framework intended to make it easy to build, share, and deploy AI apps. 'Acumos' is part of the 'LF AI Foundation', an umbrella organization within 'The Linux Foundation'. With this package, user can create a component, and push it to an 'Acumos' platform.

License Apache License (== 2.0)

Imports htr, jsonlite, RProtoBuf, Rserve, RestRserve, yaml

Suggests randomForest, testthat, callr

BugReports <https://jira.acumos.org/projects/ACUMOS/issues>

URL <https://www.acumos.org> (Acumos project website)

<https://gerrit.acumos.org/r/gitweb?p=acumos-r-client.git> (code repository) <https://github.com/acumos/acumos-r-client> (mirror repository)

<https://docs.acumos.org/en/latest/submodules/acumos-r-client/docs> (docs)

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compose	<i>Compose a Acumos microservice</i>
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Description

compose generates everything necessary to create a Acumos microservice.

Usage

```
compose(predict, transform, fit, generate, service, initialize,
        aux = list(), name = "R Component", componentVersion="unknown version",
        file = "component.zip")
```

Arguments

predict	predict function (optional)
transform	transform function (optional)
fit	fit function (optional)
generate	generate function (optional)
service	function handling additional non-Acumos requests (optional)
initialize	function for any one-shot initializations of the environment
aux	list of any auxiliary objects that are to be passed to the global workspace of the component.
name	string, name of the component
componentVersion	string, version of the component
file	string, filename for the resulting component file

Details

A regular component will have at least one of the three functions predict, transform or fit set in which case those functions are exposed via the Acumos API.

A special component can instead provide the generate function only in which case the generate function is called upon instantiation instead of serving the Acumos API. This is useful when adapting from other inputs than Acumos since the generate function can use arbitrary input methods

and then use Acumos API to push to other Acumos components. Similarly, non-Acumos requests can be served using the service call-back function with the signature `function(path, query, body, headers)` where `body` is `NULL` or a raw vector. This interface is experimental and currently not part of the official API.

The functions can have two special arguments `inputs` and `output` which are used to define the types of the input and output data. They have to be named string vectors where the names will match formats of the functions and the string specifies the input type (class). At this point only "character", "integer", "numeric" and "raw" are supported. If those arguments are not present, they default to `c(x="character")`. If the result of the function is a list, it is assumed that the list holds the outputs, otherwise only one output is used.

The `compose()` function is called mainly for its side-effect of creating the Acumos API component file, at this point it is a (ZIP) bundle of `meta.json` (metadata), `component.bin` (serialized R functions and code) and `component.proto` (I/O definition)

Value

Structure describing the component (parsed content of the JSON description).

Author(s)

Simon Urbanek

See Also

[run](#)

Examples

```
## pass-through component
compose(transform=identity, name="identity")

## simple addition
compose(transform=function(a, b, inputs=c(a="numeric", b="numeric"),
      outputs=c(x="numeric")) a + b, name="Addition")

## silly RF trained on Iris
library(randomForest)
compose(predict=function(..., inputs=lapply(iris[-5], class)){
      as.character(predict(rf, as.data.frame(list(...)))
    },
      aux = list(rf = randomForest(Species ~ ., data=iris)),
      name="Random Forest")
file.remove("component.zip")
```

composeFromSource	<i>Compose a Acumos microservice from its source file</i>
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Description

composeFromSource generates everything necessary to create a Acumos microservice directly from a specifically written R file, representing the component source.

Usage

```
composeFromSource(  
  file = "acumos.R",  
  name = "R Component",  
  componentVersion = "unknown version",  
  outputfile = "component.zip",  
  addSource = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

file	string, name of component source file (an R script)
name	string, name of the component
componentVersion	string, version of the component
outputfile	string, filename for the resulting component file
addSource	boolean, to add source file to the (ZIP) bundle or not

Value

Structure describing the component (parsed content of the JSON description).

Note

A regular component source file is an R script in which at least one of the three following functions are defined: `acumos_predict`, `acumos_transform` or `acumos_fit`. They respectively correspond to the functions `predict`, `transform` and `fit` of `compose`. In that script, if the functions `acumos_generate`, `acumos_service` or `acumos_initialize` are defined, they will also correspond to the other function type arguments of `compose`, namely `generate`, `service` and `initialize`.

All the R objects defined in that script are included as auxiliary objects that are to be passed to the global workspace of the component. They will fill the `aux` argument of `compose`.

Author(s)

Alassane Samba

See Also[compose](#)**Examples**

```
# see an example source file in:
print(system.file("examples", "example_0/", package = "acumos"))
# compose from acumos.R
example_source<-system.file("examples", "example_0", "acumos.R", package = "acumos")
composeFromSource(
  file=example_source,
  outputfile = "acumos_bundle_example_0.zip"
)
file.remove("acumos_bundle_example_0.zip")
```

 push

Push a component into the Acumos repository

Description

push pushes a component into the Acumos repository.

auth obtains an authentication token to be used with push where required.

Usage

```
push(url, file = "component.zip", token, create=TRUE, deploy=FALSE, license,
      headers, ...)
auth(url, user, password)
```

Arguments

url	URL for the POST request
file	component bundle file as created by compose
token	token obtained from auth (optional)
create	logical, isCreateMicroservice parameter. If TRUE the model Docker image is automatically created by the Acumos platform. See Acumos onboarding documentation.
deploy	logical. If TRUE the model is automatically deployed by the Acumos platform based on an external jenkins server configuration. This parameter cannot take the value TRUE, when the parameter create takes the value FALSE. See Acumos onboarding documentation.
license	optional string, name of a file to supply as the license. If not specified push() will also try to locate a license.json file in the component bundle if present.

headers	optional, named list or named character vector of HTTP headers that are to be added to the request. NOTE: the meaning of optional headers depends on the onboarding server so consult the documentation of the onboarding server for supported additional headers and their meaning.
user	user name to use for authentication
password	password to use for authentication
...	any additional form entries to push as body content. If the entry is to be passed as a file upload, use <code>upload_file(<file>, <mime-type>)</code> .

Value

push: invisibly, result of the request (may change in the future)

auth: authentication token

Author(s)

Simon Urbanek

See Also

[compose](#)

pushFromSource	<i>Push a component into the Acumos repository from its source file</i>
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Description

push pushes a component into the Acumos repository using the component source file (R file).

Usage

```
pushFromSource(
  url,
  file,
  name = "R Component",
  addSource = TRUE,
  token,
  create = TRUE,
  deploy = FALSE,
  license,
  headers,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

url	URL for the POST request
file	string, name of component source file (an R script)
name	string, name of the component
addSource	boolean, to add source file to the (ZIP) bundle or not
token	token obtained from auth (optional)
create	logical, isCreateMicroservice parameter. If TRUE the model Docker image is automatically created by the Acumos platform. see Acumos onboarding documentation. See Acumos onboarding documentation.
deploy	logical. If TRUE the model is automatically deployed by the Acumos platform. This parameter cannot take the value TRUE, when the parameter create takes the value FALSE. See Acumos onboarding documentation.
license	optional string, name of a file to supply as the license. If not specified push() will also try to locate a license.json file in the component bundle if present.
headers	optional, named list or named character vector of HTTP headers that are to be added to the request. NOTE: the meaning of optional headers depends on the onboarding server so consult the documentation of the onboarding server for supported additional headers and their meaning.
...	optional, named list or named character vector of HTTP headers that are to be added to the request. NOTE: the meaning of optional headers depends on the onboarding server so consult the documentation of the onboarding server for supported additional headers and their meaning.

Value

invisibly, result of the request (may change in the future)

Note

A regular component source file is an R script in which at least one of the three following functions are defined: `acumos_predict`, `acumos_transform` or `acumos_fit`. They respectively correspond to the functions `predict`, `transform` and `fit` of [compose](#). In that script, if the functions `acumos_generate`, `acumos_service` or `acumos_initialize` are defined, they will also correspond to the other function type arguments of [compose](#), namely `generate`, `service` and `initialize`.

All the R objects defined in that script are included as auxiliary objects that are to be passed to the global workspace of the component. They will fill the `aux` argument of [compose](#).

See Also

[push](#)

run *Run-time tools for Acumos*

Description

The following functions are not exported and not intended to be used by users, but are useful for Acumos developers, testing and used by the platform itself.

Usage

```
run(where = getwd(), file = "component.zip", runtime = "runtime.json",
    init.only = FALSE)
data2msg(data, output)
msg2data(msg, input)
send.msg(url, payload, response=FALSE)
```

Arguments

where	directory in which the component will be run
file	path to the model component file (as created by compose()) or a directory containing the unpacked content of the component.
payload	raw vector, message to send - typically constructed by <code>data2msg</code>
runtime	either path to the runtime JSON file or a structure corresponding to the parsed payload of the file
init.only	logical, if TRUE then the runtime is setup but the actual server/generator is not executed.
data	data to wrap into a message - it is expected to be a list (hence a data frame qualifies)
output	name of the proto message type to use
msg	raw vector containing the message
input	name of the proto message type to use
url	string, URL to send the message to
response	logical, if TRUE then the HTTP response object is returned, otherwise only a logical denoting success or failure.

Details

`run` loads and runs the component by providing a service endpoint on localhost and port specified by the `input_port` property in the `runtime` object.

The component file is expected to be created by the [compose](#) function. `runtime` defines the run-time properties such as input port and outputs.

`data2msg` performs the conversion of native types to the binary message for communication with other Acumos components.

`msg2data` converts a Acumos message to data according to the provided schema.

Value

The return value of `run` is undefined since it is executed for its side-effect of providing the service and may never return.

`data2msg` returns a raw vector constituting the message

`msg2data` returns the data represented by the message

`send.msg` returns TRUE on success, FALSE otherwise unless `response` is TRUE in which case the full response object is returned.

Note

The `.proto` file containing the schema definitions must be loaded before `data2msg()` and `msg2data()` are used, e.g., by the virtue of being inside the `run()` function or explicitly using `RProtoBuf::readProtoFiles(proto)`.

The `run()` function can be used only once in a session, because protobuf definitions are global and cannot be overridden without a conflict.

The internal Acumos communication protocol is subject to change and all of the above functions are hidden.

If the runtime list contains an entry `data_response=TRUE` then the component also returns the result in the response body (in addition to any output URL specifications). In all other cases the response is always "OK" on success and error string on error.

Author(s)

Simon Urbanek

See Also

[compose](#)

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